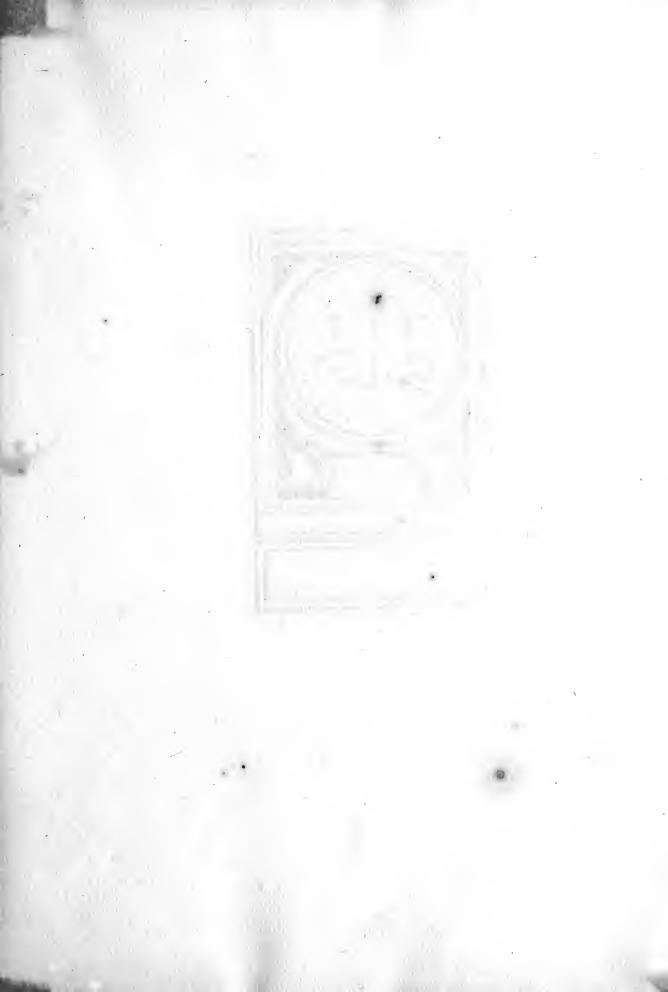
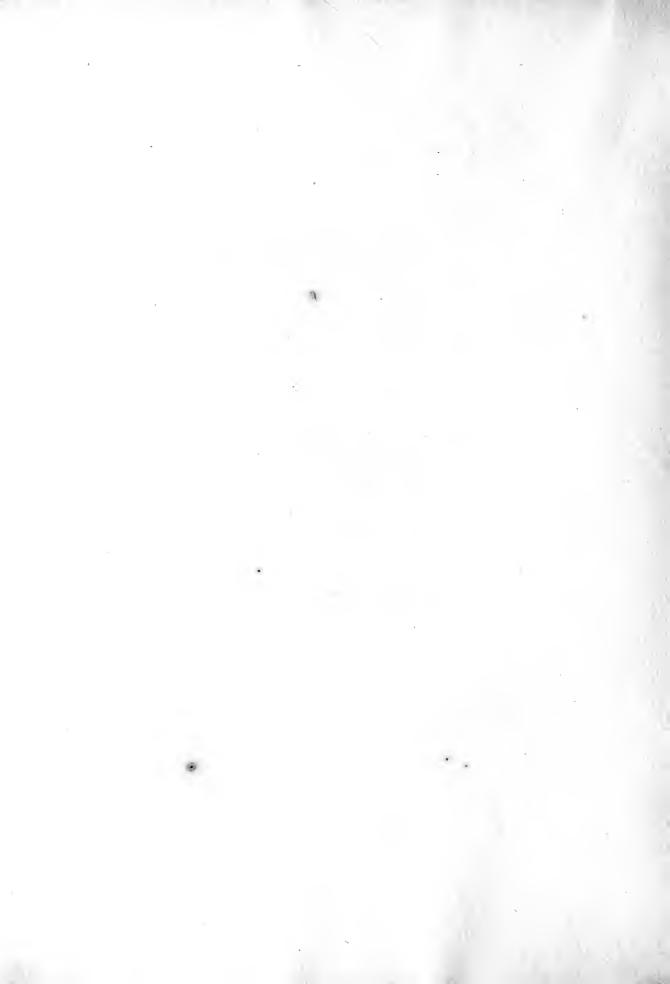


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### ZULT TELL LINE

## ANOTENT SCOTTISH PROPRECIUS.

PORT THE STRUCK

REPRIVE CONTRACTOR



PRENTAL OF THE ENGINEERS OF THE ENGINEER

Aavid Laing, ed.

OF

## ANCIENT SCOTTISH PROPHECIES,

IN ALLITERATIVE VERSE:

REPRINTED FROM WALDEGRAVE'S EDITION, M.DC.III.



EDINBURGH:
PRINTED BY BALLANTYNE AND CO.
M.DCCC.XXXIII.

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CANTON AND IN

AT a MEETING of the COMMITTEE of MANAGEMENT of the BANNATYNE CLUB, held at Edinburgh, May 27, 1833.

THE COMMITTEE having under their consideration the Sheets of "THE WHOLE PROPHESIE OF SCOTLAND, ENGLAND," &c., which has been reprinted from the original edition by Waldegrave, 1603, in the Anstruther Collection, and collated with that by Hart, 1615, in the Library of their late President, Resolved, That the same shall be forthwith completed, and circulated among the Members of the Club.

D. LAING, Secretary.

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#### M.DCCC.XXXIII.

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  100 THE VEN. ARCHDEACON WRANGHAM.

It seems difficult for any one, at the present day, to be fully aware of that degree of fond credulity with which, at a period even within the last century, certain political prophecies were regarded and cherished by the partisans of opposite factions in this country, which the least instructed peasants of a later age would probably treat with contempt and derision. The name of Thomas of Ercildoune, or The Rhymer, was then familiar to his countrymen only as that of a gifted seer, to whom the remote destinies of the Scottish Monarchy had been disclosed, and in whose supposititious vaticinations their feverish hopes or fears found encouragement or relief. No doubt can be entertained that the obscure and almost unintelligible rhymes which then passed current under his name, and under the names of Merlin, Bede, Berlington, and various other soothsayers, must have been fabricated at a period comparatively recent. To the late Lord Hailes we are indebted for the first, and still the only attempt to subject them to the ordeal of historical criticism; and his ingenious and successful exposure of a small

portion of these impostures, may be safely enough regarded as superseding all farther discussion on their claims to popular belief.

"Perhaps it may be thought," says Lord Hailes, "that I have bestowed unnecessary pains in discrediting the popular predictions ascribed to Thomas the Rhymer. Let it, however, be considered that the name of Thomas the Rhymer is not forgotten in Scotland, nor his authority altogether slighted even at this day. Within the memory of man, his prophecies, and the prophecies of other Scottish soothsayers, have not only been reprinted, but have been consulted with a weak, if not criminal curiosity. I mention not particulars; for I hold it ungenerous to reproach men with weaknesses of which they themselves are ashamed. The same superstitious credulity might again spring up. I flatter myself that my attempt to eradicate it will not prove altogether vain. Be this as it will, in endeavouring to expose forgeries, I endeavour to maintain the cause of truth."

The edition of the Scottish and other Prophecies on which Lord Hailes deigned to bestow his ingenious and elaborate criticism, was that printed at Edinburgh by Andro Hart, in the year 1615. This, which is a volume of extremely rare occurrence, was then,

<sup>1</sup> Remarks on the History of Scotland, Chap. III.—Edin. 1773.

among intelligent bibliographers, believed to have been the earliest publication of the work; but it is now ascertained that it had been "printed by Robert Waldegrave, printer to the King's most excellent Majesty, anno 1603;" and a copy of this, probably the first edition, having been lately brought into notice at the sale of an old family library, it has been deemed a literary curiosity deserving of preservation in an exact reprint. In orthography, and some other minute particulars, it differs from the later edition of 1615; and of these variations, a list will be found at the end of the volume. No less than twelve later editions, printed between the years 1680 and 1746, have been inspected, and appear to be merely servile and not very accurate copies, of no intrinsic value, and undeserving of minute collation.

As specimens of literary composition, the contents of this volume have but slender claims to regard; but to those who are curious in tracing the under-currents of political faction in the sixteenth

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Another copy of this Edition of 1603 occurred at the sale of the late Mr Nassau's Library, and was purchased, it is understood, for the Collection of Richard Heber, Esq.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The copy of the Edition 1615, employed for this collation, is that preserved in the rich and curious Library at Abbotsford. In Bagford's MS. Collections regarding Printing, there is a notice of an edition of the Prophecies, "Printed at Edinburgh by the heires of Andrew Hart, 1625."

century, and who have sufficient skill and patience to follow in the track of our greatest modern annalist in detecting the sources of antiquated delusion, the genuine text now presented to them cannot fail to be acceptable.



## of Scotland, England, & fome-

part of France, and Denmark, Prophefied bee meruellous Merling, Beid, Bertlingtoun, Thomas Rymour, Waldhaue, Eltraine, Banester, and Sibbilla, all according in one. Containing many strange and meruellous things.



Printed by Robert VValdegrave, Printer to the Kings most Excellent Majestie. Anno. 1603. (Internal of the second second

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The state of the s

MErling saies in his booke who will reade right, Althought his sayings be uncouth, they shalbe In the vij. Chap, reade who so will, (true sound, Due thousand and more after Christes birth, Uhen the Calnalider of Cozuwell is called and the Molfe out of Mailes is vincust sozay, Then many ferlie shall fall, and many solke die, Many selcouth shal be seene in all Christen landes In the Moone and the sea, and signes of the Sonne, and in all Plannets plainesse that appeares in the sky.

Then hall the Lyon be best in the broad Morth, and an fellowne slaw shal fall soone after, and a sheeding of blood within short time. Both the Moone and the Mernis, great dule shal make, and al Mar shall murne many dates after, The great Beare with his tuskes the feild shal tyne a fel showre of the South shal faid him for ever, and that Leid shal his life lose in another land.

Then that a Freik be fostered farre in the South and to the kyth that he goe that he come from With much wealth and worthip that he goe home and inhabite Albanie unto the end, Both the Iles and Arane at his owne will Many men that laugh when he home comes.

But much selcouth shal be seene within short time at his owne kinde blood, there shal he begin, Choose of the cheisest, and chop of there heads, Some harled in seedes, and hanged on hie Some put in prison, and much paine byde.

The Crab shal be out of his clift a long time With bukinde blood, and yet shal reconer and other beirnes in whole banisht for ener

Coue=

Couetice thall be his name, the King of that kith, Foz both his hart and his head thall be of flint fozged, Mo Lozd thall line in that land but him felf alone, But they are breued in bill, to keepe them in baill, yet thall a man of moze vaile mar him foz ener, Foz suddenly he thall goe downe, and die in a fen, Their thall no King come in that kith foz a lang time But a figure of a sloure, the fairest in the firth, The white sloure and the reid so shall he be called.

In the mouth of Arrane an felcouth shall fall, Two bloodie harts shall be taken with a false traine, And dersty dung downe without any dome, Ireland, Dzknay, and other lands manie, For the beth of those two great dule shall make,

Then much sozrow is seene within vij. yeares,
Both the Crab and the Cok, they shall escape,
For more harme at that time shall they not have,
Mhen the Rauen roupes, many man shall rue,
From Cornewel to Caithnes they shall his crie heare,
Mhen the Gled in his clift is clime to the height,
he counts not the Lyon that is his kind Lord,
Then the Graip would gouerne all, a gapes thereafter
Mith great guists of Gold, the sloure would he get,
Come he once in his clookes, he cowers it never,
Then would a poore Catine be keeper of the Rith,
Pet shall it faile the freit, that the soole thinkes,

When the Cok crowes keepe well his come, for the Fore and the Fulmart, they are false both, When the Rauen and the Ruke, hes rounded together and the Kid in his clift, thall accord to the same, Then thall they be bolde, and soone to baile after, Then that the Buck in belling time make a great beare, It

It is but winde that he wastes for he is but away. Then that waken up a weere, and much woe after When the Birdes of the Rauen rugges and reaves. And the leil men of Louthiane be loppen on their horse Then that the pooze people be spoyled ful neir, And the Wers that murne many dayes after And al the Abbais truely that flands on Tweede. And al Louthiane that line on their lines anter They that burne and flay and great reistes maks Their dare no pure man say whose man he is Then that the land be lawles for love is their none And falset shal have foote fullie five peares, And truth truly shal be tint and none shal trust other The coosing once shal not trust the other Mor the Son the Kather noz the Kather the Son Foz to have his goods he would have him hangd Then shal they a counsel cal foz peace of the Kith. To make love among Lozds but that shal not last, Not those Barrones and Bachelers that wil not obey That wil not keepe to their crie, noz come to their call

Then hal men be marked for their misseedes that that that turne them to teine within a while after, fra riii, he past and twise three the threepe is at end and oner a water he shal faire and see for him self and in a faire forrest shal an Ern big Wany man shal losse their life in the meane time for they shal pitch a sield and feirste sight Upon a broade moore a battle shal be Beside a stock Croce, that standes in the Morth, It is concred with dead Corpes and al of a kith that the Crow may not know where the Croce stoode

The Wolfe shal be watchman and keepe many wayes A sij And

and that be leit to the Lyon his owne kinde Lozd Holy Church is combered with the best of the kith With languages that lives not by Christ, but that shal Frō Balcomie to the Basse on the broad sey, (not last and from Ireland in the Forth shal be a faire sight, Of Barges and Bellingers, and many broad saile, With iii. Libberds & the Flowerdeluce saire upo hight Chen shal a bunter in hy come forth of the South, With many Ratches in row rewled full right, and shal goe one his soote over the water of Forth, and in Fyse shal he sight and the seld win: and the Chistanes shal die one either side.

When the man in the Poone is most in his might, Then shal Dunbarton turns up that is downs, and the mouth of Arrans both at one time, and the Lord with the luckin hand his life shal he lose, For constusing and treason that loses the land.

Uhen the Cragges of Carbat is tumbled in the sey, at the next sommer after sozrow for ever Beides bookes have I seene, and Banisters also, Operuesous Operling and all accordes in one Operuesous Operling is wasted away With a wicked woman wor might shee be, For shee hath closed him in a Craige on Cornwel cost.

When the Cok in the North hath builded his nell, Busked his birdes and bownit him to flee, Then that fortune his freind the gates op call and right that have his free entrie.

Then rise that the Poone in the Worth west, In a cloud as black as the vill of a Crow, Then is losed a Lyon the bouldest and the vest That was borne in Britane since Arthures daies,

Then

Then that a dreadfull Dragone dres him from his den To helpe the Lyon with his great might, A Bull and a Bastard spurres that spend, To abide with the Beare, to reckon his rightes.

A Libberd engendered of native kinde, With the sterne of Bethelem shal rise in the South, A bogse and a Anthelope, baldly shal abide, A Beare and a Brock, with bernis so bright, A vioud Prince in the preis Lordly shal light, With bold Barrons in buschment to battell that wend, Then that the prophetic produc, that Thomas of telles, Many comely Knight is call under foote, That that make mapdens murne that in bowre dwels The dreadful day of destenie shal drive to the night, that make mardens a wives in mourning be brought Then they meet on the morning with the Moone light, Betwirt Seton and the sev sorrow that he wroght, There the Lyon that be hurt and not perseaued, Then shal he braid to the best, that him the hurt wroght And many Gerne in that Gound that fald to the free, And the proudest in the preis, to baill shal be brought, The fep for and the Fulmart in armes are taken, And led to the Lyon law to abide, The Piper and the Pie that fuffer the same, And al the friends of the For that he fer made, Then that troy untrue tremble for dread, For dreddour of the deadman, whe they beere him speak Al the commons of the kith, that cast him the keyes, The buschement of Beuerlaw therewith shal breake.

When war men and woodes away went, And everie feede in his feason kindly is set, And right well ruled, and fallhood is sed,

Then

Then hall be plentie of peace, when lawes have no let, The spous of God hall sing with a joyfull song, Thanking God thereof and the Trinitie: And all grace and goodnes shall grow vs among, And everie sruite shall have plentie by land and by sea, Then the Sonne and the Moone shall shine bright, That many daies afore darke have bene, And keepe their course both day and night, With more mirth then men have sene. As Bertlingtones bookes, and Banister vs tells, Merling and many more, that with meruels melles, And also Thomas Rymour in his tales tells.

They say the Saxons shall choose them a Lord. That shall make them greatly to fall under, The ded man thall rife: and make them accord, And this is much wonder and flight, That he that was dead, and buried in light, Shall rife againe and live in the land, In comfort of an young Knight. That fortune hath chosen to be her husband. The Wheele shall turne to him full right. That fortune hath chosen to be her feir, In Surry thall he thew an fight, In Babilone bzing many an beirne on beir, Fifteene mile from Jerusalem the holy crosse win shall The same Lozd that beares the Lyon, At Sandfozde wan the gree, Fortune hath graunted him the Aictorie. Since first that he armes baire, Foz without treason or traitorie, Destenie shall not him beste Whill kinde of age til him drive,

For everie man on Golde must die, But end he shall in the land of Christ, And in the Caile of Josaphat buried shall he be.

### The Prophecie of Beid.

Before the heat of the harvest happen shall a war, That Europes landes earnessly shall be wrought, and earnest enuie shall last but a while, But the Lyon with his lustic slowres, for harme of hard heat, shal hap him with leaves, Then speed and spred him to Spaine into winter, all slowers in the Forth shall follow him on

Callender shall cry Cornwell the nobell And inherit all Albanie at his owne will, Enuie to all Alieris, anone to be wrokin Dide Armoscycianes, and Albanie the same, Shall recover Caliles & Towers out of Sarons hands When Bretoners shall beate them with brandes of seele There shall no bastard blood bide in these landes. Albanus that time King of the earth. Albanakus kin and Lord of the land. To the Lillie shall lend, and love non other, The Lyon leader of all, and Lord of all beaftes, Shall leane to the Lillie, and line him with and thall fleir him to firing by the fireames of bumber The Steplons of the Lyon Aurdely of themselves They shall start by with sirife, and stur all at once, And Arike downe the Steplong, & delivor them for ever Meither love they the Lillie nor the Lyon, But the Lillie Hall be loose when they least weene, Then all hall happen to the hart happen as it may, and the taile of the somer toward the haruest Be then the Lyllie halbe loosed when they least thinke, Then clere Kings blood that quake, for feare of death, for Churles that chop of heades of their chief beirnes, and care of the Crownes that Christ hes anognted, all this must destinie drive to an end.

An Egle of the East a venterous beast, Shalbe glaid floures to fang in the sirst season, and stire to the stepsons, and strike them together Binde bands bruckle, baile to begin for he would garlands get of these faire sloures, That in Somer season spreds so faire, But soone shall faile the fruite that the soole thinkes, A fell Morthern slaw shall faide him for ever.

Beirafter on either side sozrow shall rise, The Barges of cleare Barons downe shal be sunken Seculares shall sit in spirituall seites Decupying offices, anounted as they were, The true tittle to purchase that the truth holds They shall torment them with torments a new, Then Barrons shall busk on there best wife, Attour the Felles to faire, with a fap Fore birde Turne first to Christ with todes wiles, But soone the tod shall be tint, and his time losed They shall escape such a chak, eschew who so may, Then shall the nobelest escape with the Felles Bet shall the one fore in the field escape, The Falkon shall be loosed in his winges, Who so trulls not this taile nor the tearme knowes, Let him on Werling meane, and his merrie words, And true Thomas tolde in his time after,

At Sandford Mall be feene example of their deeds, Det it must overdzive the tod in his busk, Busk the now Barwick with thy broad walles, Thou thall include to thy King, that is thy kind Lord As Saint Beid of that Burgh in his booke fayes, Thou shall with the Lyon leind, and lestin for ever. Though thou be subject to the Saxons, sozrow thou not, Thou shall be loosed at the last, beleeve thou in Christ, And every language shall have his Lordshipe to brooke, It was not lost but lent for a little time, Bold Barwick be bloth with the broade walles, Thou shall to the Lyon sloupe as Lord of his owne, Let never the Libert lippin longer a day, In bold Bretaine to brooke a foote broade of earth Who so doubts of this dead, or denves heereon, I doe them well for to know the dait is deuised, Take the formest of midleird, and marke by the self, With foure Crescentes, closed together, Then of the Lyon, the longest see thou choose, Loose not the Lyones let her lye still, If thou castes through case, the course of the heaven, take Saindandros Crose thrise Reepe well these teachments as Clarkes hath tolde. thus beginnes the dait deeme as thou likes. thou shall not reis in that seit, assummed in the text, Dr the height of the heit neerest the winter. Mo taile of the tearme, will I the tell But Chastitie the Chiftaine of their cheif wrongs, Dr in the height of the harnest, hard of the self Shall wicked weirds undoe, and to the right, And this or I wist, I walkned anone. though I write as it was, wist I it not.

# The Prophesie of Merling.

It is to fal when they it finde,
that fel on face is faine to flee,
That commed are of firodlings firinde,
Ulauing through the worke of winde,
the Beare his mustel that upbinde,
and never after bund that be,
away the other shall wave with winde
and as they come so shall they flee,

Syce thall vp, and linke thall under. the dead shall rise, and worke great wonder. And foy thall rife to man and wife, The forcowfull fall fill of frife, All men shall soy of his resurrection, And in special men of Religion, the morter is readie, the Pessell also, the fauce shall be bitter and that to his foe, And the Diuels also shall helpin to, Then the bankes of Beill shall bloome all about, then hie the Hurcheon to Haillis, and close the therein thou shal be werved with a winde, and plucked ilk pen Shal neuer down on thy skinne, nor birs be the left. The thunder shal worke thy holde to the colde earth, Shal never stone vpon stone, nor ground be the left, And so that wretched worke is destroyed for ever,

Their shal a Galpart gapt with a gilten horne, A Pilledow with a tode, sic a prime holde, Ulith their pieces in a place by a streame side, To strine with the streame, but they no strength have. For their mooning they meete in the mid way, Al the gromes shal grounch be the way side,

1 1. 10

And

And many bairnes thall have his byech on the back tide. And that meruaile shalfal be a firth side. Where the leader of the land shal his life lose. But that bargaine shall brew in a baire burgh That that banish from blide many bright helme: When it is breued on his back, and his breif knowne. De dum Draanes dight then may thou wel deeme Df al the weil and the wealth before then was wrought With hunger and heirshipe on everie hil, Det this wicked world shal last but a while, While a chiftane vnchosen choose forth him selfe, and ride over the Region, and for Roy holden, Then his scutifiers that skail at the faire South Fra Dunbertane to Douer, and deil al the lands, He chal be kid conquerour, for he is kinde Lord, Df al Bretaine that bounds to the broad sea. The conquesting that be keeped, a never conquest after,

Be the coast ye shal know when the Knight comes, be hes a mark in the middle wher no man may know, When he is set in the East where the Sun riseth, be hes a signe shal shew on the South side. Signum venenosi sanguinis de ventre matris sux, al Clailes I wis, shal wend with that Roy, for to worke his wil, where he thinke would, Gyane, Gaskone, and Bretane the blyth, shal busk to his bidding on their best wise, The whole men will help in his most hight, Then shal he turne into Tuskane but trety or true and busk him over the moutaines on mid winter even, And then goe to Rome, and rug downe the walles and over al the Region Roy shal be holden, Off this booke have I seene, and better thereafter,

Df Heruelous Herling, but it is wasted away With a wicked woman wor might she be.

The Prophecie of Bertlington.

Hen the Rubie is raised, rest is there none, But much rancour shal rise in River and Plane Much forrow is seene, throw a Sleuthound, That beares hornes on his head like a wild Wart Then a brok shal make a braid on a braid field, and a hound shal beare aback with a brime face, The flewthfull Slewthound shal slap him for ever, Throw a tretie of a true, a trapue shalbe made. That Scotland thal rew, and England for ever, For the which Gladimoore, & Gouan mure gapes there after, Then shal the bankes of Beill bloome al about Then by the Burcheon to Baillis, a close thee therein Thou shal be warped with a winde, & plucked ilk pen, Sall never downe on thy skin, nor birs be thee left, a thunder shal worke thy hald to the could earth, Shal never stone vpon stone, on ground be the left and so this wretched beath, is destroyed for ever, When faith failes in Prelates sawes, and temporal Lordes wil holde new lawes, and lechevie holden for privie folace, and reefe holden from good purches, When Rome is denided in two partes. and energie Priest hath the Poves power, Then shal the land of Albanie, Be put to great perplexitie, Man fün forthinke, and mis amend, Dread God, do law, thinke on the end.

Betwirt Temptallon and the Basse thou shall see a right faire fight, Df barges and bellingars, and many broad faile, Mith iii. Libertes and the flourdeluce hie upon hight And so the dreadfall Dragon shall rise from his den, And from the deepe doughtelie shall draw to the height

De Bruces left side shall spring out a leif, As neere as the ninth dearee, And Chall be flemed of faire Scotland, In France farre beyond the see, And then shall come againe riding, With eyes that many men may fee At Aberladie he thal light, With hempin holters, and hors of tree, On Gosforde greene it shall be seene. Dn Glaidsmoore shall the battle be, Row Albanie thou make the boun, At his bidding be thou prompt the shal deil both tower and towne, his guifts that fland for ener more. then boldly boun the thereafter. Apon a broad moore, a battle thal be, Belide a flob crose of stone, Which on the Moore flands hie, It shal be clearly cled over with corps of Knights, That the Crow may not find where the croce floode, Many wife that weeve, ane Sice that under the deed that rife and that that be wonder, And rar him rudely in his thire thield, For the great comfort of a new King Row hee the Powok, with the proud showes, Take thy part of the Pelfe, when the pack opens,

It shall not be Gladsmoore by the sey,
It shal be Gladsmoore where ever it be
and the little lowne that shall be
Is betwirt the Lowmond and the sea
And well is the man in all his life.
That hath an cote hous into Fyse,
and yet once shall come the day
be would the Cote hous were away,

And there shal come an bound out of the South,
Whith him an ragment of Ratches rewled right,
and actour for the keinly shal he come
and in Fyse shall sight and the feild win,
bet shal an Northern slaw faile him for ever,
and kil him to consusion and returns never,
an Eagle then shal come out of the North,
Which shal make many sute sounder and fall,

Then shal an Ghost come out of the West,
With him an faire menye,
Upon the Egil make him boun,
But he so nie then shal he slee,
I can not tel you what he height
A bastard trow I best he be,
his name shal not be expremed as now,
for he was gotten with an Ladie in privitie,
his doughtie deedes without all boubt
Shal comfort al his companie

How ever it happen for to fall
The Lyon shal be Lord of all.
The Frenche wife shal beare the Sonne
Shal weild al Bretane to the sea,
and from the Bruces blood shall come

As neere as the ninth degree, Meruelous Merling that many men of tells. And Thomas sayings comes all at once, Though their fayings be selecouth, they shal be suith found and there that all our glading be, The Crow that sit vyon a stone ..... and drinke the gentle blood to free, Take of the ribes and beare to her birdes. as God hath faid, so must it be, Then shal Ladies laddes wed, and brooke Cassles and Towers hie. Beid hath breued in his booke, and Banister also, Meruelous Merling, and al accordes in one, Thomas the trew, that never wake falle, Consents to their saying, a the same terme hath taken. Bet thall there come a keene Knight over the falt sea, a keene man of courage, and bolde man of armes, A Dukes sonne doubled, a bozne man in France, That that our mirthes amend, and mend all our harms after the date of our Lord 1513. A thrife three there after Which shal brooke al the braid Ile to him selse, Betwirt riss, and thrise three the Threip shal be ended. the Sarons that never recover after, be that be crowned in the kith, in the Castle of Douer, Which weares the golden Garland of Iulius Cefar Woze worthip that he win, of greater worth, Than ever Arthur himselse had in his daies, Many doughtie deedes that he doe there after, Mhich shal be spoken of many dayes better. 

11.

The state of the state of the state of

The Prophecie of Thomas

Rymour.

CTill on my waies as I went, Dut through a land, beside a lie, I met a beirne upon the way We thought him seemlie for to see, in the seemlie see Jasked him holly his intent. Good Sir if your wil be, Sen that pe byde vyon the bent Some vncouth tydinges tell you me, When that at these warres be none. That leile men may leve in lee, Dz when thall falthood goe from home and laughtie blow his horne on hie. I looked from me not a mile, and saw two Knightes vpon a lie, they were armed feemely new, two Croces on there bieffes they bare, and they were cled in divers hew, De findzie countries as they were, the one was red as any blood, Set in his Shield a Dragone keene, he steird his Steed as he were mad, With crabbid words tharpe and keene Right to the other beirne him by. this thorse was at of silver theene his Shield was thaved right feemlie, In it a Ramping Lyon keene. Seemly into golde was fet. his bordour was of Asure theene,

With

With filke and Sabil well was plet, I looked from me over a greene, And saw a Ladie on a lie, That such a one had I never seene. the light of her thined to hie, Attour the mooze where at the fure, The fields me thought faire and greene She rode upon a Steid ful Aure, That such a one had I seldome seene: Der Steid was white as any milke, this top his taile war both full blae, A side saydle sewed with silke, As al were golde it glittered to, his harnesting was of tilke of ynde, Set with precious stones free, he ambled on a noble kinde: Avon her head stoode Crownes three: Her garment was of Gowles gay, But other colour faw I none, A flying fowle then J saw, Light beside her on a stone A stoone into her hand she baere, and holy water the had readie, She spzinkled the sield both here & there Said heere shal many dead coppes lie. At you bridge voon you burne, Where the water runnes bright and theene, There that many steides spurne, And Knightes die throw battles keene To the two Knightes did the say, Let be vour frise my Knightes free, De take pour horse and ride your way B ii

As

As God hath ordained so must it be. Saint Andzew thou hast the hight, Saint George thou art my owne Knight, thy wrongous aires thall worke thee woe, Now are they one there waies gone: The Ladie and the Knightes two. to that beirne then can I'ment. Will appear to the second of the second and asked tythings be my fey, Mhat kinde of light was that I faid? Thou shewed to me vpon pone lie, In " ..... Dz wherefro came those Knights two They feemed of a facre countrie, he statement of a facre countrie, he stat That Ladie that I let thee see, that is the Queene of heaven so bright the fowle that flew by her knee, that is Saint Wichael much of might the Unightes two the field to ta dist Where manie men in field thall fight. Know you well it that be so, And the sound of the sound o that die thal manie a gentle Knight. With death that many doughtie daile, the Lordes that be then away, there is no Harret that can tell, Who that win the field that dap in the second with the field that dap in the second se A crowned King in armes three, Under the Baner shal be set, two false and feyned that be, with his two. the third that light and make great letite in the same and the Baners five againe that strive, and come in on the other live, the white Lyon shall beate them downe, and worke them woe with woundes wide, and analysis and

The Bares heade with the read Lyon, So feemely into read golde set, That day that flay the King with Crowne, Though many Lozdes make great let, there that attour the water of Forth Set in golde the read Lyon. And the And many Lords out of the Porth to that battel that make them boun. there that Crescentes come ful keene, that weares the Croce as read as blood, On enerie side shal be sozvow seene, Defouled is many doughtie foode, Beside a Lough, vpon a lie, and an entered they that assemble vpon a day, And many doughtie men that die Few in quiet that be found away, the Dur Scottish King shal come full keene, The read Lyon beareth he, as a single is A feddered arrow sharpe J weene Shal make him winke and warre to fee, Dut of the filde he shal be ledily and When he is bloodie and woe for blood, Pet to his men shall he sap, we will be sap, will be sap, we will be sap, which it is the sap, we will be sap, which we will be sap, we will be sap, which we will be sap, which we will be sap, which we will be sap, with the sap, we will be sap, with the sap, we will be sap, with the sap, we will be sap, will be sap, which we will be sap, with the sap, we will be sap, with the sap Foz Gods loue you turne againe, and give those Sutherne folke a fray, Why should I lose the right is mine. My date is not to die this day. Ponder is fallhoode fled away, and laughtie blowes his home on hie, Dur bloodie King that weares the Crowne, ful boldlie shal he battell byde, his Baner shal be beaten downe, B iii. And

And hath no hole his head to hide, the Sternes three that day shall die, That beares the Harte in Aluer theene: there is no riches golde noz fee, May lengthen his life an howre I weene. Thus through the field that Unight that ride And twife reskew the King with Crowne, the wil make many a Banner yeeld, the Knight that beares the toddes three, the wil by force the field to ta, But when he sees the Lyon die, Thinke ve wel he wil be wae. Beside him lightes beirnes three, Two is white the third is blae, the toddes three, shal slav the two, The third of them that make him die, Dut of the field shal goe no moze, But one Knight and knaues three.

There comes a Banner red as blud,
In a Ship of filuer sheene,
With him comes many fersie sude,
to worke the Scottes much hurte and woe.
There comes a Ghost out of the west,
Is of another language then he,
to the battle hownes him best,
As soone as he the Senyour can see,
the Ratches workes them great wanrest,
Where they are rayed on a sie,
I cannot tell who hath the best
Each one of them makes other die
A white Swane set into blae,
Shal semble from the South sey,

To worke the Morthen folke great was.

For knowe you well thus that it be,
the stakes aucht with silver set,
Shal semble from the other side,
till he and the Swan be met,
They shal worke woe with woundes wide,
throw woundes wide, there weeds hath wet
So boldsie will there beirnes byde,
It is no rek who gets the best,
ther shal both die in that same tide.

There comes a Lord out of the Morth, Riding voon a Horse of tree, that broad landes hath beyond Forth, The white binde beareth he, And two Ratches that are blew, Set into golde that is so free, that day the Egill shal him slay, and then put by his Banner hie; The Lord that beares the Losanes three, Set into golde with Gowles two, Before him shal a battel be, be weares a banner that is blew, Set with Pecok tailes three: and lustie Ladies heades two, Unfane of one, each other that be, all through ariefe to gether they goe. I cannot tel who wins the gree, Each one of them that other flay, the Eaill gray set into greene, that weares the hartes heades three, Dut of the South he shal be seene, to light and ray him on a lie,

Mith

Mith 55. Knights that are keene,
And Earles either two or three,
From Carlel shal come be dene,
Againe shall they it never see,
at Pinkin Cleuch their shall be spilt,
Where shall the Baire lose the gylt,
And the Eagle beare it away,
Before the water man calles Tyne,

And their over lyes a brig of stone, the Baires three, looses the gree, there shall the Eagle win his name.

There comes a bealt out of the Well, With him shall come a faire manie, his Baner hes beene seldome seene, A bastard trowe I best he be, . 1 4 Gotten with a Ladie speene, & Barrell Barrell With a Knight in privitie his armes are full eath to knowe, the read Lyon beares he, that Lyon thall fozsaken be, and he right glad to flee away Into an Dechyard on a lie, With heards greene and allayes gray, there will he inlaiked be, his men sayes harmesay, and the same and the the Eagle puts his Baner on hie and sayes the field he woone that day. their thall the Lyon lye full still, Into a vallie faire and bright, A Ladie shoutes with words thrile, and fapes woe worth the coward Knight

Thy men are flaine vyon yon hil,

To dead are many dougtie dight,

Thereat the Lyon likes ill,

And raises his baner hie on hight

Upon the mooze that is so gray,

Beside a headles Troce of stone,

There shal the Eagle die that day,

And the read Lyon win the name,

The Eagles three shal lose the gree,
that they have had this manie day,
the read Lyon shal win renowne

Usin al the sield and beare away,

Dne Trowe shal come, another shal goe,
and drinke the gentle blood so free.

Mhere al these ferlies was away,
then sawe I non, but I and he
then to the berne couth I say
Mhere dwels thou or in what countrie:
Dr who shal rule the Ise of Bretaine
From the Morth to the South sey:
a French wise shall beare the Son,
Shall rule all Bretaine to the sey,
that of the Bruces blood shall come,
as neere as the nint degree
I franced fast what was his name,
Mhere that he came from what countrie?
In Erssingtoun, I dwell at hame
Thomas Rymour men calles me.

The Prophesie of Waldhaue.

**Apon** 

TPon Loudon Law alone as I lay, Looking to the Lennor, as me leif thought, The first morning of May medicine to seeke, For malice and melodie that moved me fore, I lved downe and leaned me & listed wel sleepe, Upon the height of a hill as the voice bad, And as I lved downe and heilded my evie, So hard I a hoars voice, and a hie crie, That bad me Waldhaue bewar and me wel keepe, For feare of a wilde beath, that his weird dreis, Therewith I stonish, and stood and start on my feete. And fained me on every fide, as the voice bad Then I looked but let, lightlie me fra And saw a hirsall in hie, of haires together, A hundzeth I hope, wel whollie their was. Then of Fores, a flocke, fully five score, All following on a fierce beath, that rudely them chaft, That was al wood through weird wofull to see Right ragged and rent, and rinen in peeces A battle with like bassoun, he boare on his broad lusts, Like a beimfull beirne battle to make he thought to effray, and them fast pressit, As he in fold would them fang, firme at his will, But when he saw me with sight, soone he them left, And vohen he thundered avvay no more I them favo, Then aroaning aximlie he girt to me soone, As gerret the great threvy had done for the nonce, he Aruck fast with his staffe, and stonisht me soze, But I keeped him be Christ, with a keene vveapon, That was my swoode while I swet swinging me about And a buckler well broad, that keeped me best So freshlie he forced, me meat for to make, That

That he thundered on the fold, and his feete (nappered, The bassoun on the bent soze brased him fra: And I but baid on his break, bowned my felf. All arouffings on the around araciously him held. Through grace of the great God, that had me warned he pelped, he valuered, and vouled loude, And Arugled fast his Arength, and Aruck vpon loft, But I held him by the haire, as my hap was, And height to hurt him full fore, but he him fill held, And confured him be Christ, and his mother deare That he should kyth to me his kith and his kin; But long was it that he lay or he speake might And at the last he can leave, and lightly he said, Maldhaue wit thou; that wel hes the hapned, Thou thought not that the weird this wrought thuld be. But let me rise of this race, and rest the beside And I shall readily without evot the meruels tell; Great grace hath thou gotten, that got me this time, I hall greive the no moze to is thy grace turned, But pet I trusted not his taile whill he his truth gaue. Be the law and the lead, that he lived on, That I sure should be and safe, and no entil betide, Then let I him rise, and leaned on his shoulder, And great meruile of his face, and his forme had, be was formed like a freik all his foure quarters and then his chin and his face haired so thick With haire aroing to arime fearfull to fee, I frained at him formest, the feare of him felf, My his figure and his face was to fearce made? If wearie of the world, or what him aled, he girned, he gasped, and groaned full soze, Wept with his grap eyes, and suddenly he saide

Good game all the way is as God will. For he is greived through my guilt, & I no grace served, My wilde wanton wil, end my misseeds, I may know of al woe, and my weird alas. Because of my sinne, that I served ever. hes this forrow and this light fent unto me. Be trouble of my kin that I am of come, bath me turned in this care, and carefull me made, That I have no hope of help, so help me our Lord, Mill he that put me in ariefe once arace fend, Fraine thou no further of my foote lets, De other workes as I wait, aske if thou likes, Thy etling thou aske may, for answere I shall, In woods and wildernes where many waves lyes. That I harkned and hard, I height the to say, Then frouned I fiercly of this friwoll world, What to be of weire, if he wist ought, Dz who should weild vs in this world that forcow dreis To give vs of good will, and get vs to peace, If their is fruits in this world that so much worth is, Should have fusion on force, and any faire after, And then he looked to the ground, a wept al a while and he groaned for greif, weeping he laid, Which anger and entill hath this ple choosed, Al through oggered and cist, and Eluinis Knight, Brutus thy Bairnetime hes much bail chosen, Since first in Bzetaine to leind thou was brought, Sicknes and forcow and foarnes let with fyth. Alhen thou sembled to the sea under saile sound, Mozoway hath neddered them, and to neede brought, That hath newed their names, and named themselves, English, that are East foode, and Edzpanis bairnes, But

But all the anger that they make, their owne shall be, That woefull westmureland, woe mot the betide, For thou with warre, and thy wrong bairnes, When thou mels with the Wers, & mired with the fame Much malice and mischiefe, thou made for thy self Beirnes and baners thou brought vpon loft, With burning and baile hath wrought forcow, Carlill the Captaines, hath much woe wrought, Thou that covelled be with caire, thou thinks it but little They shall thy gates parne, thou parnes not thereafter, Thou thalt valuur and vell: that al Pozk thal it heare Then the towns shal be tint, trow thou not els, Thy toppes and thy turnates tumbled to the ground, So falle fortune so fel, hes thee at feid, That force that faile the, when thou best thinkest, And lipnis on London to leade thee for ever, On Linton and Lindsay, and Lanchaster shyres, There that a Lyon be Losed that a Lord is, Both of London and of Lozne, as the Law will, be that allege to the leid, and the law make, Leue noght voon loft, but waste them for ever, Al the Arengthes of the coast, and Castles everie one, be that inclose them to his Crowne, a over them come. Burgane and Bamburgh, as he by rides: And Butlinges beate it downe, and burne it for ever. The water that welcome him, and the waves of the fep While he have win in hy al that he thinkes, Throw this trueth opon Tweid, that be turned after, If who will count the time of the yeare, If even by eiking the howse, and the day come, And angered for ever more, this olde men devices, Meedlesse thou Mozhame, for nought that thou lookest,

There

There is a Meker in the Mozth, thy nest shal destroy, thou shal be wasted of thy worker for thy wrong deeds, There that no warrand the weir, that thou winkst after A black Bair and a Bzok, and a Bull head, A Boare whelve with a Brok, and a broad head, that the boun in their boures, & beare the doune for fuith, And build them up their walles, as they best thinke, Red Roxburgh thy role, and reddie thee boun, thy roote is now raised vp, and rotten in sunder, Three Rauens and a Rooke that on thy rock fit And roly rudely that they, that Rome that it heere, From Ros to Roldeene was that right may be: Reddie the Rescours, thou restes no more, for it is but reason the right and rents be gathered, What Jangelst thou Jedburgh, thou Jages for nought, there that a aplefull aroome dwel thee within, The Towe that thou trustes in, as the truth is, Shal be traced with a trace, trow thou none other, the new Castle is keene, keped ful weil, thereto take pe good heede noz come not therein, A hirde with a hand bow, that the heird keepe, thie in a Holone, and in a haire wood, Both his hornes that he hang and half him therewith Dresse thee now Dumbar, and doe for the time, thou hast a dreid for the Draik, that the droune would, Thy hiles is to hard fet, with halmers of steele, Well havie therefore, hold thee ful still, the new worke that is next on the Morth Areame, Shal cast a blenk to the Bas, when the blenk shines, Be it auided with wit and will bee not waister, there that no waitter it welld not no enill doer, hailles hold thee at home, so hold I it best. For hap thou to Halidoune, thou art hurt for ever, There is a Hurtcheon in a hurt, in Heriot moore Hath marred the myrsnap in Winto Craiges, That hath mansions mooved maugre of his teeth. Dirkon and Dalkeeth they dread no more els, But the Downe and the Dow, that the drake leades, The Dragone they drowne would but devise of France, Doth for them doughtelie, as he hath done ever, Edinburgh that old Craige is angered ful sore, for the awe of the Erne, that in the East buildes, he hath a Falcons feir that in far landes Bath his feddring and his slight, and his slight gathered Reedles they noy them that is for nought, For they never in the nest shall nourish their birdes.

Striveling that Arait place a Arenath of that land, Mhy with Strabzok & Stratherne strives thou to parne When Strabogie that destroy at the striaberies, The Arandes of Stradzok that Areeme them with blood Three Storkes in a fall that fland them before, Stuffed al in steele weede, all on horse back, There soutnes shal stinte, and stonish themselves, Foz Arokes to Aeine that Aint them within. Doe now Dunbarton while thy dayes last: A wzetched cloude in the West, as Elders thee call, For thou art in a Craige thou now cair dreades. Beare thee well to Bothwell, and build it up all Then Cranford & Cumnok, with cleene men of armes Let not lightlie the lois leav out of towne. Foz thou art Lord of the landes, & a new Albane King, To Dowglas now doe well, and it deare holde. For Dowglas the doughtie may endure well Deale the best of the landes that longeth thee to,

Frede

Feede them with fairenes, and with faire wordes, Fr on the fellowship that hath a false end, Cative and curst men are cumbered for ever. there may no Cative be Christ this kindred defend Laughtie and largenes are two love thinges. be that vs life gave loves them well, Knightes and Christen men thereto heede take, Tast the curst men in care, but they to Christ turne, thinke on Dunbarton the bolde, in olde bernes time that thou art but a beeld, and in that land chiefe thou halt take heede to this token that I hal thee tell: Beleeve it as truly as it were written, When the Lowmond law shal the leve take, From the land of Lenor, and leve it for ever, Leap lightlie with loupe, and looke thee about, and mantel all the Craige with a Tower wal, Mith Barges and Bellengers, to ruly at the gates, that both fishe and fowle that on flight goes, Be flited up freshly and faire them within, then is Dunbarton burnt al to powder, and all in a clowde, the warre ended for ener. and if ve faile of this freit after riff, yeares, Pair pe paiplie, and pairne pe no moze.

The Castel of Carrik that on a Craige standes, Shal cry vpon Cumnok for a true nest, that into Cliddesdale coast cleueres full fast, In a Polyne so hie by a Else busk, then shal the Galloway Groomes get on their Agaires, Three toddes and a tersel shal tene at the woods, From tynemouth to tultie, and be tole free But a Gose Hauke of growth shal griefe him then, and get on a gray Haire that in grasse restes.

In a now of nowrie by a gray stone, the shal tuilve with the toddes, and the tub also And with the teind that is taken: turne into Fraunce. Two Wethers and a Wolfe shall the field make. Betwirt a powe and a Lamb that leades the flock, Before butler the bargaine that beginne, All in it bootles his bags be ript, then that the Ale of Rolay be rank ful of lide buthes Then each man rues them for rueth of his hart that would rend from rude and no rest those, A cative in a Crain that a tower builde. and cry on Craig Fergus, the crawdone is ever, For a Buck in but, as a bull horne, Bound with a bugle blowe when he likes, A proude powne in a preis Lordly that light, With Piotes and Pilliedowes pulled in the crowne. Plaine power of the Pope shall the Powne have To pluck and to punish and part him about, A Poot that partly appeals him againe, For his part of the pelfe, and the Powne wrong: There that much forrow and strike stirre them once That that the Sterlings trouble, that stires with wings, A Haire with a Hurcheon and a hind Calfe, Shal hie them in holie land and hold them therein, While a graphound them gripe on the greeke lea, and goe with them grievoully where him left likes, There that no gaming them glee while the Graphound Gripe the Grahound, and arefue him ful fore, and buffetted him bitterly then bit him with warre, Soe muling vpon Merling more if thou wil. For I meane for no more, man at this time. Then I fluddied floode, and him hild fill. Then

Then he could flurdely stire with his broad eyes, But I couth farther him fraine, for his fathers soule, If ever freik on this fold formed himself, That he should witter me some way, if he wist ought, Mhat of this world and this weire should after betide, Then as a Lyon he looked me on Like as he leepe would and rend me in funder he said weyns thou Waldhaue, I win into heaven. that I may in this world al my wit have, Po thou gets that of God, their gaines none other, to whome he gives the grace, they are of good life, But this taile that I tell you, pe that trust it well, It is a tratling but trueth, the futh the to fav, I mooned into my minde how the fuith stands. Wile on as thou may, the matter thou fraines, thou sinnes if thou fraines feeind farther I tell, I have prough Maldhaue, my war for to make, theere in wildernes I dwell, my weird for to dree.

Heere followeth how Waldhaue did conjure this Spirit to shew much more of sindrie things to come, as followeth.

But somewhat that I say as suth I hard, Among sieges unsound that over sute is, Three Haires of the Hers that marrie themselves, With the Hertrickes of Har, that they much sove those bryme heasts wilde, shall bite sul bolde, to baile and to barret beirnes a new, then shall be suff with the bucks head, the other a heare that is bryme, shall brue with care,

The third a bul with a baire that beares hornes, huge and hideous on everie lide hie, these three shal raike and reine in the wild Morth, their that none other ride thefe riatous beatles, A Cok with a keene combe that compas them with Al haill the waves where the land lyes, Mith such a creik and a crie that their kind rise, that the kinrik be Christ shal be cumbred thereof, But the happper half that the Cok haue, For he is her of head, and hurts the les, these false Lurdanes life lastes but a while, While three Liberts in a ling from London shall come, And leane toward Louthian into Linlighcow thire, toward Glascow they goe graithly thereafter. Attour the hilles where the way lyes, and on Gouane Moore graiths them to fleeve. then a Lyon as Loed thall leave them among, and learne them a lesson though they laith thinke, Fell Falcones in field that their fer worth, and their foremales so farre flemed for ever.

Then puruey the Powok with thy proude shawes, thou shal have part of the pelf, when the park opens.

Then a Chiftaine unchosen shal choose for himselfe, and ride through the Realme and Roy shal be called, then shal Mailes worthely dwell upon loft, and choose them a chiefe Lord of Royaltie holden, Scottes aires of Scotland shal scaile them ful wide, In humber shal brulpe their right for to have, Greson and Godrant, that were great Lords, they were tailyed in that time with untrue solkes, beaven and even aires of the land, Shal rent them and rise, and reill in their way,

And nov al the Mozrowaies that hath them wronge wrought, When deede shall rise and meruels shew. Looke him flat in face, and none shal him know. Then the Lillie so leill with notable beirnes, Sends bodward in Britane to the beirne bolde. Bids him blythly abide in battle fount, Then a Lyon shall leave loose out of hands, The firt out of Ireland noblest of deeds, But when he is loose then rest is their none, When the Spee is up and the Sinke under Then that the dead rife and make great wonder, Amongst kind men in kith kindle shall a care, There that a councel fit that that! make whole bankes bare: Then Sarons are let with luttle thoughts And proves partly to prick with partie faces. And Mailes werps up with wonderfull deedes, and Ireland helps that head to his most hight, And all Pockeshire shal help, prove when he likes he hall binde him to bide with beirnes a new, Enter vy a side where the sea filles, In his owne kind ground where that he was borne, With dignitie and deere men, that him well loues, For to conquest the cleare Crowne of Englands line, But al would faile were not forces that the foole thinks, be should be subtillie sould were not Christ would. That his dolozous date should draw to an end: And the bastards blood left is for ever: Then in Brittane that day see who so will. Shal never Ballards brooke a foote broad of earth, he shall be hursed and harled and hasted to death: With a Wolfe out of Wailes & bring him out of daies And conquest the cleare Crowne of Englands right De the that bring at England into good peace,
While a Hunter that rife and raigne in the Borth,
Bare up his Banners with riatous beirnes,
For fafetie and supplie of Brutus landes,
Duch sturt and strife that steire in a while,
From the Borth to the South sey who so list,
For when the Cowers of Turin is tumbled in the sand
With hunger and hard life and fallhood on lost,
Within vij. yeares after great wonders that be seene,
By that the Libberts race is fally at an end.

Then the Lillie so leile shal leind unto his landes, And to the Lyon shall get Lordshippes great, For the Loon that arive at Carleile. And leave on the land as Lord of the ground, He that leind in the land with his leife beirnes, and lame the Libbert and lose him for ever: Shall never the Libbert leap one day after, In bold Brittane to brooke the date is neeve valled That King shal deale and parte all the broad landes, To the Bruces blood and other bolde Knightes, That that goe with the way to the wengin of Christ, In the Uaile of Josaphat seene that he be, Where many Sarvaues that quake with their hartes, When the dead man that rife a thew them a fight As meruelous Merling hath laid of before. Take heede to this tale that I now thee tell. and trust it as truly as it were trew written, When that fallet hath foote and freedome is lost, and couetife hath the kith at his owne will, When laughtie is laid low under foote, and kindnes is courtesse his freind to beaple, And no truth that be kithed into christen landes,

C iij

But

But al let to deseit and non trust other,
Not the Kather the Sonne in his bodily oathes,
Holy Church shal have no girth but plainly over turned
and lecherie on loft and non spare other:
And each blood with other knites together,
the law of our Sausour is quite forgotten,

This is a true talking that Thomas of tells, that the Hare that hirpil on the hard stone, In hope of grace but grace gets the non, then Gladsmoore and Gouane that gape there after Thinke not long on this loss for it is neere hand, When the Lamb is lose that the holy Thurch keepes, then falset is set in Seeges of Rome, and works for the warrande that the cur wan, Many Seeges that sigh within short time after, and many meruels that he seene within short time,

Uhen the mouth of Arran the top hath over turnd,
Then that Dunbarton mell of old done deedes,
and so that Arran hop in a new mans hands,
In hope of Dunbar when hailles that halt,
Uhen the hunter that come with his kind Ratches,
hunt Fotherik and Fife and the field win,

Allth warping wind and tempelt great,
Then fallet is reddy his friend to begyle,
Then fallet is reddy his friend to begyle,
Thith hunger and heirship oner al the broad lands,
then shal the poore people be spilled ful neere,
the leid with the luckin hand is brought out of daies,
Subtelly his life shal lose and many a other,
and many doughtie shal die for that deede,
And many leid in the Porth shall there life lose,
For couetousnes and treason then loses the land,

Many

Wany a wife and maiden that wring both there hands, Before this wicked war be brought to an end, the first roote of this war that rise in the Morth, That the Iles and Ireland that moorne for them both, and the Sarons seased into Brutes landes,

When the Moone is dark in the first of the number. With Foure Trescentes to eik forth the baies, And thrife ten is seleouth to see, With a L. to lose out the rest of the number, Some let three and two Threivs as they will. This is the true date that Merling of tells, And gave to King Uter Arthurs father: And for to mene and muse with there merrie wordes, For once Brittane that be in a new Knightes handes, Who so hav to byde shall see with his eies. As Merling and Waldhaue hath said of before, and true Thomas told in his time after, and Saint Beid in his booke breued the same, Wute on if ye may for mister ye haue, I that give you a token that Thomas of tells, When a lad with a Ladie shal goe over the fields, and many faire thing weeping for dread, For love of there deare freindes lies looking on hilles, That it that he woe for to tel the teind of there forrow, Then that be wasted there cheise landes. Where God curses with his mouth dead must follow: Row wait thou Waldhaue my wil is way to pas, To wood and wildernes where my way lies, Then is the Libberds three lamed for ever and the Lyon that be Loed and leader for fuithe And al Brittane the broad that him bow to, and his barnage bolde that him blis keepe,

Then shall fruite wel, and fashion of corne, If fredome and freindshipe his stance be holden, Try you Christen men on Christ, and honour our King, Df all cures and cares in this cost angers.

And thus he fundered me fra I frained no longer, But I merueld fast at his faire head,
I studdied right stabillie, all stonish thereof,
That I winked or I wist and wrought vpon steepe,
And when I walked written I found,
All these words on warre wanted there none,
Breued on a broad booke and on my breast laid,
Blissed he the breuer that the booke write,
Then ran I make me to muse, and melling therewith
The sirst morning of Aday, this meruise I saw,
As I say mine alone on Lowdoun Law,
Looking to the Lennor, as me seve thought.

Heere endeth the Prophesie of Waldhaue, and now followeth the Scottes prophecie in Latine.

Scotia mæsta dole propria iam perdita prole,
Regibus orba tuis, fraude subacta tuis.
Proh dolor ancilla fit libera, fraus perit illa,
Ignaræ sobolis gens perit ecce dolis.
Magnifici funus regis dolor omnibus vnus,
Subdita non legi dat male Regna Regi
O grauis anxietas, sexus dolet omnis, & ætas:
Quem fera mors rapuit, natio Scota luit.
Pridem terra ferax, gens martia, natio verax,

Perdiderat gratum quem tenuere statum, Duro conflictu fortunæ mobilis ictu Sunt in deterius versa beata prius. Sub iuga venisti, quæ victrix ante fuisti: Aduena sceptra gerit, quæ velit, ense terit. Anglorum nati nec vi, nec more probati, Væ tibi quod folo preualuere dolo. Gens inuincibilis, gens fortis, gensque virilis, Succubuit fatis, res miferanda fatis. Gloria Scotorum vernans ætate priorum: Væ tantæ cladis obtenebrata cadis. Ecce repentinæ funt huius caufa ruinæ, Contemptus fidei, fraus, dolus, ira Dei. Rerum cæcus amor, inopum oppressio, clamor lugis, plebs retegens, natio legis egens, Fastus maiorum, vitiorum causa priorum, Peccati fomes, legis inepta comes. Hunc cecinere statum veterum præsagia vatum Singula venere quæ cecinere fere. Scandala, terrores, plagas, variofque dolores, Ex ferie fati Scotia disce pati. Gens furget ex te diuerfa prosperitate Vix poterunt scribi, damna futura tibi. Sed ne desperes, quæ tantis luctibus heres, Non est perpetua plaga futura tua: Credo licet fera veterum presagia vera: In bonitate Dei, sit tibi cura spei. Nam quæ tot pateris, quæ iam captiua videris, Tandem folueris, Imperialis eris. Desuper eueniet tibi virtus, Scotia fiet Vltima prosperior, quam tua vita prior. Promittunt veteres, quod erit tibi bellicus hæres

Qui fua Iura nouans regna Iuuabit ouans,
Stragibus Immensis sudabit Scoticus ensis,
Rex perdet cuneos vltor vbique reos.
Irruit Angligena per eum gens non sine pæna,
Ense, siti, sletu, peste, tremore, metu.
Hostibus afflictis, stratis, per prælia victis,
Scotia tuque tui Placida pace frui.

¶ Alia Prophetia.

Cum fuerint anni completi mille ducenti,
Et tricenteni fuerint in numero pleni,
Bis fex & feni venient ab equore Rheni
Tunc ruit Anglorum mala gens & femen eorum.

¶ Alia Prophetia.

Anglia te perdet tua gens, quam quilibet odit,

Te circum fodit gens Gallica, Scotia rodit.
Gallia mutetur, Ibernia infidietur,
Vix possunt scribi damna futura tibi.

¶ Alia Prophetia.

Flan, fran, confurgent, hispani viribus vrgent,
Dani confurgent, Albani limina lingent,
Sco deuestabit, tunc Gallia arma parabit,
Et cum hoc fuerit Anglica gens periet.

¶ Alia Prophetia.

Post Iacobum, Iacobus, Iacobum, Iacobus quoque quintus

Et filius daci Regno Regnabit vtroque.

Heere followes the Prophesie of Gildas.

When

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Then holy Kirk is wraked, & wil hath no wit And passoures are pluked & peild but piety, When Adolatrie is in Eng, and Re, and spiritual Passoures are vered and away, And al estates in light are vnknowne, " \*\*\* \* " Because of there clothing cunning or craft, Spiritually suspended subuerted and suspected, Denving there dutie to God and there det, Promped up like Princes as the Pecok proude, Refusing there Religion and there right rule, then in the Porth a wicked wind that blow, That al the Realme shal rew right soone there after, the Grahound that be greeved and driven at under, And tramped for his trueth to whome he kept trust The kindest of his kith that not him know, But him and his misknow that ever they never knew. then that many ferlie fal right soone after. and from Caithnes to Douer that walke but war, And moorne for his missortune that failed so soone. But better moorne for themselves for need they have: Bailes when thou haltest hirvil not but hold thee, If thou speakst where thou spok, it shal able skald thee, the barred Lyon lawles at thee shal be greened, Shal fearth and feeke thee to destroy thee for ever, Pet that a beirne from Berwick busk him and boun, and fearth the treading of trowes that war afoze tane, By the heedles people that held at there owne hand, The holdes whole and the heardes had destroyed. Reason shal be sought and granted shal be none, The moners thereof that mene and may not mend, then that the Countel which cumbered hath the kith, Call for comfort, but long may they crave

4 . 4 .

They

They marked to the hieft and to oner haile the old, But al in vaine they worke they that not prevaile, they thall worke unwife and wit that they lack, Then waried their weird that ever they war wrought, then that the Ratches in this region rake. And runne their race rudely but any returne, the best of the kith shal cry for support, But skarse shal they rise they shal be so sweire, The bound which was harmed then missed shal bee. Who loved him world that weeve for his wrak, Det shal a Whelpe rise of the same race. That rudely shal raire, and rule the whole Porth, And quite the whole quarrel of old deedes done: though he from his hold be kept back a while, The Cok dare not crow though it be his kinde, But keep him felfe close while come that his time, Drepare thee Edinburgh and pack up thy packes, thou shalt be left void be thou leife or loath, Because thou art variant and slemed thy faith, through Ennie & conetonines that cumbered thee ener True Thomas me tolde in a troublesome time, In a harnest morning at Eldound hilles. CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR

> Heere followeth the Prophecie of the English Chronicles.

There shal proceede a holy heremeet in King Estridus time, in this maner in the booke of King henvie the Sixt, saying these Englishmen, forasmuch as they vie to drunkennesse, to treason, to carelesnesse of Gods Gods house. First by the Daines, the by the Mozmands and the thirde time by the Scottes: that they holde the most wretches and least worth of all other: they shal bee overcome and vincus, then the world shall be unstabell.

## The Prophecie of Sibylla and Eltraine.

(the fea. Then the Goate with the gilden hozne is chosen to The next peace there after Gladsmoore shal be Who so likes for to reade, Meruelous Merling and Beid, In this maner they that proceede, De thinges unknowne, the truth now to record, And that from the date of our Lozd, Though that it be showne, take a thousand in Calculation And the longest of the Lyon, Foure Crescentes under one Crowne With Saint Andzews Croce thrife. then threescore and thrise three, Take tent to Werling truly, Then that the warres ended be And neuer againe rife. In that yeare there shal a King,

In that yeare there that a King,
A Duke and no crowned King,
Because the Prince thall be young
and tender of yeares,
Guch sorrow and strife
Shal be in Lothian and Fife,

Through

Chrough the Fulmarts falle feares,
the Wadzigall Woldewarte,
through the supply of the fained Hart,
and the launling of the Libbert,
Linked in an laice,
In Fife and Louthian that land,
With many bow bit and brand,
and burne and slay at from hand:
Without any grace.

Without any grace.
Then comes the Anthelope,
the blind Moldewarte to stop,
With many a Senyoures in a sope,
Foozth of all artes,
the Lyon ramping at the Rose,
with the Pronie and Papingoes,
and many Knights for to close,
Shal come from the South.

The sadled horse shall be seene,

Tied to a tree greene,

And with anisa la sine
In a bage shal be borne,

Syne twa shipes in a sheild,
that day shal foote the sield.
to the Anthelopes beild,
And setch him beforne.

The Beares head and the Brock,
the beame and the bloodie yoke,
three Crescentes and a Cok,
Shall come from the Morth,
they shall come to the broyle,
And Knights keenely shall toyle,
for some of the sinkfoile,

1,011,

And fight vyon Forth, When the battles drawes neere. In their fight that appeare A naufe of men of weir, approaching at hand, Then put their men in ordinance With five hundreth Knights of France, and a Duke them to advance, to be in the vanguarde. And take him easilie to fresnd,

Then the Libbert that the Then the Libbert that the terno, And desperate in blisse, Scottes and French that take a part, Then the Libbert shal the teind, With a proud haitrent heart, And that open the Goldewarte

De they distence.
His bow to him that he no beild,
All his Knights that he kild him selse is slaine in the field And vanquisht for ever. Thus shall the warres ended be Then peace and pollicie Shall raigne in Albanie Still without end, And who so likes to looke, The description of this booke, This writes Beid who will looke. And so doth make an end. Heere

Heere

Heere followeth a Prophesie pronounced be a Noble Queene and Matron called Sibylla Regina Austri. That came to Solomon through the which she compiled foure bookes at the instance and request of the faid King Solomon and others diuers, and the fourth booke was directed to a noble King called Baldwine, King of the broade Ile of Bretaine: of the which shee maketh mention of two Noble Princes and Emperours the which is called Leones of these two shall subdue and ouercome all earthlie Princes, to their Diademe & Crowne, and also be glorified and crowned in the heauen among Saints. The firste of these two, Is, Magnus Constantinus that was Leprosus, the Son of S. Helene that found the Croce. The fecond is, the fixte King of the name of Steward of Scotland the which is our moste Noble King.

## Brittane.

IN Scotland shall raigne the moste Noble and valizant Chiftane that ever was, ful of wisdome & pollicy, cruell in Justice as a Lyon & seirce, he shall be meeke as a Lamb, but somewhat inclyned to fragelity of his stesh. In his time shal be great Justice and peace. But alace so sozrow, so by treason hee shall bee destroyed. This Lamb shall make many good houses and faire places he shall take greate adventerous travels and a little before his beath, he shall have warre with them that should bee his freinds, & he shall get vistozie over them, but be falset of his owne he shall be drawen to a place of battle where

he chall get great discomfort, bee the which hee chall die. Therefore alace for forrow of his lyne, which shall be in great trouble: and after him there shall be a chiftaine of the kyth pussable as the winde wanering as the waves of the sea. In his time shall the church tremble as an aspine leafe and great trouble in all maner of estates but it shall not long last. Also the Wolfe shall rise against him out of the Mosthwest, and make him great trouble, but he shall not vzeuaile, for bee the help of the Wolfes brother and the For, the Wolfe that be flaine by a water lide: and soone after there that come out of the Morth, a Dragone and a Molfe, the which that bee the helpe of the Lyon, and bring the Realme to great rest and peace with glozie, with the most ion a triumphe, that the like was never seene these many yeares before: for by the sweete sinel of the Lillie and the flowerdeluce, there shal a Chiftane of the kith, choose forth him selfe, stable as a stone, stedfast as the Christall, sirme as the Adamant, true as the seele, immaculate as the Son, without all treason, he shal saile on the sea with walles on enery sid, and that with all aloire and joy to deliver the kith out of al thealdome & dolour, for he shal be strong as the Wolf, wife as the Serpent, humble as the Lambe, simple as the Doue, victozious as the Loon, Prince of iustice, the weil of this nation, he shall binde his taile with the red Deagone & accompany him with the Lyon: these three thall rife against the Woldewarpe, the which is cursed of God: this Moldewarpe shal have an earthlike skin as an Goate, the vengance of God shal fall voon him for sinne A the suffering of the great pride of his people unpunished. Also they shall thrust him forth of his Realme, and make all the foure cheife floodes of his Realme to runne bloode.

blood, and after that the Woldewarve shall flee and take a thip to faue himselse, for he shall have no more power of his Realme. And after that he shal be glad to give the thirde parte of his Realme, to have the fourth parte in peace, and hee shal not get it: for the wil of God is, that no man shal have mercy, but he that is merciful. And after that he shal line in sozrow al his life time, and by ad= uenture suddenly in a floud of the sea, and his progenie that be fatherlesse in strange countries and landes for enermoze, because they were gotten against the law of God: for by that generation the Realme of Englande is repleit of all iniquitie and abhomination of sinne: and so the Molfe the Dragone with the Lyon, that devide the Realme of England, and so that the land be conquest by the power and wil of God, and not by Arength of man: and he that is an Englishman bozne, shal deny and periure his native nation and Realme. But pet they hall be as tributoures to these foresaid three beastes, and all wholely subdued to them: and then the spones of God, that be alad of her delinerance, and her children that inhabite there landes with iop in the service of there father by creation; wel is that man that keepes his true parte to that time: for after those daies the lawe of the spoues shal be wel keeped. But in the meane time, that all religious persons suffer patiently persecution, and specially the vooze, which bath left al for the spones sake, for they shal be glad to flee to mountaines and caues for there lauegarde. But he for whose sake they doe suffer, thal redresse there doloure to joy but end. And the Ile of Brittane shal be in al iop and peace, and the just shal be glad in the suppressing of there adversaries, and then shal al good men and weomen give perfite lande and praise

to God omnipotent, for God doth suffer man to be punished for sinne. And then shal the Dule, the Beare, with the Eaill, be all destroyed, because they were untrue to the Moone and changed into blood, for by there counsell, the white Lyon gentle of nature, was degenerate and made cruel against them that was his trustie freindes, for he shal be the cause of greate and much trouble, and shedding of much innocent blood, & the begining of great discord amonast them that should be freinds: a as for his succession they shall never inhabite his lands. And then thal the Buck beware, and take good heede that hee shede no blood in the landes, but draw him to his Arenath: for the Molfe shal awaite him at an advantage, and be his death: and then shal all the birdes of the woode sing for iop, that the Wolfe is made watchman and enemie to the For, for al chal bee one in truth and peace, treason thal be knowne, and the Sonne thal thine cleare, but the Moone shal be under couer and darke, til God be pleased to redzelle; and the white Lyon ramping shal have his den at large, for his stedfast truth that he kept to the kith, and he shal kepe the birdes in there bounds with al aloir: bot the unicozne shal coutch ful lowe, for falshood that he wrought with the Raeuin rolving, a that was for their greedines & treason that they shall doe by the sea, an onder an great hill: for the Cok that should have bene true, was falle, & dzew with him the Papingo, by the which the Rose gave no smell, that ever was pleasant to the kith, & so in there trace they shall draw the best fowles in the wood wherefore alas. But then let them take hede for then comes there destres, the horne shal blow dolour in sounde that all the Cassless on Type shal quake, and the Barte shal runne a make little debate, woe shal be, but but it shal not long last: for the Wolfe with the Dragon and the Lyon shal they release, that long lay in their den, and instice shal be had that was stayed to rise. Then shall tremble & quake, the Stalwart & the Starke, and the right shal be had that instice shal draw: and woe shal be to them that no pittic would have, for the Chistane of the kith that God would should guide, a strike treason downe on everie side: and happie is that man that may it see, but happie is that Chistane what ever he bee.

Finis.



## COLLATION

OF WALDEGRAVE'S EDITION OF THE PROPHECIES,
M.DC.III.

WITH THAT PRINTED BY ANDRO HART,
M.DC.XV.

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All the editions of the Prophecies, subsequent to that of Hart in 1615, appear to be mere reprints of each other, often with great inaccuracy, and consequently of no authority and of little value. The variations between Waldegrave's and Hart's editions, although numerous, consist chiefly of verbal corrections, or variations of spelling, which it would be unnecessary to specify in detail. But every variation of any importance is here pointed out; and a facsimile reprint of the title-sheet of Hart's publication is added, as, besides the dedication to King James, it will be found to contain a translation of the Latin verses inserted at page 40 of Waldegrave's edition.

In the present volume, the following typographical errors have been corrected; but, in other respects, it may be considered a literal reprint. Page 5, line 15, Not the Son—Nor the Son; line 24, Inal and faire—Inall faire and. P. 13, line 27, wal—will. P. 16, line 10, rayment—ragment; line 26, deede is—deedes. P. 24, line 31, Inirle—Inrile. P. 25, line 27, home—hame. P. 26, line 1, London—Loudon. P. 27, line 14, Would have—Waldhave. P. 32, line 7, ond—and. P. 35, line 4, reatous—riatous. P. 40, line 22, liberat—libera. P. 41, line 14, clam—clamor; line 17, come—comes; line 31, eva—tva. P. 43, line 3, in is—is in.

- At - A Bransey

# WHOLE PRO-PHECIE OF SCOTLAND

England, France, Ireland and Denmarke,
Prophefied by marueilous Merling,
Beid, Berlingtoun, Thomas Rymour,
Wardhaue, Eltraine, Banester, and
Sybilla, all agreeing in one. Both
in Latine verse and Scottish meter.

Conteining many strange and marueilous matters not of before reade or heard.



EDINBURGH,
Printed by Andro Hart,
ANNO DOM. 1615.

TITI

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The second of th

PERIODENTAL TOTAL CONTROL OF A STATE

## SACRO ET AVG. MONA. IAcoвo, magnæ Brit. Gal. & Hib. Regi & cæt.

Invicte Regum Regibus edite
Regnū Britannū qui imperio regis
Reguli, & unus Christianè
Regula, tum typus es regendi:
Regnum relictum funere Regio
Regnum receptum munere patrio,
Regnes beatus, nos regendos
Vsque tuae soboli relinquens.

#### ALIVD.

Conditor humani generis, custosque IEHOVA
Nil homini tribuit, moderato Principe majus:
In quo vera DEI, vivensque elucet Imago.
Effigie quam fers, Invicte monarcha Britannum
Exspectate diu, cui vatum oracla priorum
Aurea compositis promittunt secula bellis.
Viue diu, sed vive Deo, vitaque peracta
Puriter, æterná compostus pace quiescas.

### Priscae Scotorum Prophetiae.

SCotia mæsta dole, propria jam perdita prole, Regibus orba tuis, fraude subacta tuis.

2 Proh dolor ancilla fit libera, fraus perit illa, Ignaræ fobolis gens, perit ecce dolis.

3 Magnifici funus regis, dolor omnibus unus, Subdita non legi, dat male Regna Regi.

4 O gravis anxietas, fexus dolet omnis, & ætas: Quem fera mors rapuit, natio Scota luit.

5 Pridem terra ferax, gens martia natio verax, Perdiderat gratum, quem tenuere statum.

6 Duro conflictu, fortunæ mobilis ictu, Sunt in deterius, versa beata prius.

7 Sub juga venisti, quæ victrix ante fuisti: Advena sceptra gerit, quæ velit ense terit.

8 Anglorum nati, nec vi, nec more probati, Væ tibi quod folo, preda fuere dolo.

9 Gens invincibilis, gens fortis, gensque virilis Succubuit fatis, res miseranda satis.

Vel tantæ cladis, obtenebrata cadis.

1 I Ecce repentinæ, funt hujus causa ruinæ, Contemptus fidei, fraus, dolus, ira Dei.

12 Rerum cæcus amor, inopum oppressio clamor Iugis, plebs retegens natio legis egens.

13 Fastus majorum, vitiorum causa priorum, Peccati fomes legis inepta comes.

14 Hunc cecinere statum, veterum presagia vatum Singula vovere, quæ cecinere fere.

15 Scandala terrores, plagas, variosque dolores, Ex serie fati, Scotia disce pati.

Gens

## The old Scottish Prophecies.

- 1 SCotland be fad now, & lament, thy child who thou hes lost Bereft of Kings falfely vndone, by thy own kindlie host.
- 2 Alace the free bond is become, and deceit is thy fall, The fallhood of the brutish race, hes broght thee into thrall.
- 3 The grave of the most noble Prince, to all is great regrate, Noght subject to law, who doth leave, the kingdom & estate
- 4 O anguish great, where every kind and age doeth lament, Whom bitter death hes tane away, shall Scotland fore repent
- 5 Latelie a land of rich increase, a Nation stout and true, Hes tint their former dear estate, which they did hold of due.
- 6 By hard conflict, and by the chance, of mobile fortuns force, Thy hap and thy prosperitie, is turned into worse.
- 7 Thou wont to win, now is subdewd, and come in vnder yoke A strager reigns & doth destroy, what likes with swords strok
- 8 The English race whom neither force, nor maners do approue Wo is to thee, by guile and slight, is onelie win aboue.
- 9 The mightie Nation was to fore, invincible and flout, Hes yeelded low to destinie, great pitie is but doubt.
- 10 In former age the Scots renown did flourish goodlie gay: But now alace is overcled with a great darke decay.
- 11 Then mark and see what is the cause, of this so wondrous fall \*Contempt of faith, falshood deceit, the wrath of God withal
- 12 Vnsaciable greed of worlds gaine oppression cryes of poore, Perpetuall a slanderous race, no instice put in vre.
- 13 The hautie pride of mighty men of former vice chiefe cause The nurriture of wickednesse, an vniust match of Lawes.
- 14 Therefore this case ye Prophets old of long time did presage As now hes hapned every point into this present age.
- 15 Sen fate is so, now Scotland learne in patience to abide, Slanders, great feares, & sudden plagues, & dolors mo beside.

### Priscae Scotorum Prophetiae.

16 Gens furget ex te diversa prosperitate, Vix poterunt scribi, damna futura tibi.

17 Sed ne desperes, quæ tantis luctibus heres, Non est perpetua plaga futura tua.

18 Credo licet fera, veterum præfagia vera: In bonitate Dei, fit tibi cura fpei.

19 Nam quæ tot pateris, quæ jam captiva videris, Tandem folveris, imperialis eris.

20 Desuper eveniet tibi virtus, Scotia fiet Vltima prosperior, quam tua vita prior.

21 Promittunt veteres, quod erit tibi bellicus hæres, Qui fua Iura novans, Regna juvabit ovans.

22 Stragibus immensis, sudabit Scoticus ensis, Rex perdet cunctos vltor ubique reos.

23 Irruet Angligena per eum gens, non fine pena Enfe, fiti, fletu, peste, tremore, metu.

24 Hostibus afflictis, stratis, per prælia victis, Scotia tuque tui, placida pace frui.

Alia Prophetia.

Cum fuerint anni completi mille ducenti, Et tricenteni fuerint in numero pleni Bis fex & feni veniunt ab equore Rheni, Tunc ruet Anglorum mala gens, & femen eorum.

Alia Prophetia.

Anglia te perdet tua gens quam quilibet odit, Te circumfodit gens Gallica, Scotia rodit. Gallia mutetur, Ibernia infidietur, Vix possunt scribi, damna futura tibi.

Alia

### The old Scottish Prophecies.

- 16 For out of thee shall people rise, with diverse happinesse, And yet a pen can scarcely write, thy hurt skaith & distres.
- 17 But yet beware thou not distrust, although overwhelmd with Thy straik is not perpetuall, for thou shalt find relief. (grief
- 18 I do fuppone althogh too late, old Prophecies shall hold, Hope thou in Gods goodnes euer, and mercies manifold,
- 19 For thou that now a patient is, and seemeth to be bond, At libertie shall free be set, and with empyre renowmd.
- 20 Fro high aboue shal grace come down, & thy state Scotlad be In latter end more prosperous, nor former age did see.
- 21 Old prophecies foretell to thee, a warlike Heire bees borne, Who shal recouer new his right, advance his kingdoms horn
- 22 Then shall the Scots sword sweat with blood, and slaughter which they make:
- The King himself revenger shall the guilty troups down wrack
- 23 The English Nation shal invade but not escape a plague, With sword, with thirst, with teares and pest, with feare, and suchlike ague.
- 24 And after enemies bees thrown down, & mastered by weir Then Scotland in peace quietly, passe iousful dayes for euer.

When HEMPE is come and also gone, SCOTLAND & ENGLAND shall be all one.

K K Q K Q HENRY EDWARD MARIE PHILIP ELIZABETH the 8. the 6. of Spain M. hufb.

 $\mathbf{H} \quad \mathbf{E} \quad \mathbf{M} \quad \mathbf{P} \quad \mathbf{E}$ 

Praised be God alon, for HEMPE is cum & gon And left vs old *Albion*, by peace joyned in one.

Alia

### Priscae Scotorum Prophetiae.

Alia Prophetia.

Flan, fran, confurgent, Hispani viribus urgent, Dani dispergent, Almani limina lingent, Sco devastabit, tunc Gallia arma parabit, Et cum hoc fuerit Anglica gens periet.

Alia Prophetia.

Post Iacobū, Iacobos, Iacobū, Iacobus quoque quintus Et filius Daci Regno regnabit utroque.

Alia Prophetia.

Millesimus sexcentesimus mirabilis annus Ternus erit, Scotis commoda magna ferens: Ortus & interitus Regum fatalis, & idem Anglorum ad Scotum transferet Imperium.

Alia Prophetia de Cathedra Marmorea. Ni fallat fatum, Scoti quocunque locatum Invenient lapidem, regnare tenentur ibidem.

Laus IOVAE, variæque hæres, hæres & Elifæ, Namq. abeunt, tibi at adveniunt, fine fanguine regna.

FINIS.

1. Merling fayes 2. althogh 3. feuenth Chapter 5. Calualider 6. vinquest 7. ferlies 9. Sun 10. to the Sky 13. fhedding 15. dayes 16. Boare . . . fhal lofe 20. And to the firth 24. comes home 27. off their heads Page 4. 2. his heart, 4. brewed in bleffe ... to baill 6. die in allen 7. There shall 8. But in a 9. fhall be called 11. hearts 14. death of thefe 15. fhall be feene 20. clum to the height 21. He couets not 22. Grape wald 23. giftes 24. Come it once 27. his combe 29. baue rounded 32. great beere

Page 3.

Tempore patet occulta veritas.

By time appeareth hid Trueth.

Line

Line Page 5. 2. up a weare, 4. lowping on 5. full neare 7. the Abbies 10. There dare 25. far forrest ... build 27. fiercely Page 6. 2. Church bees troubled 4. Balcolmy 6. Balengers, and many a broad faile 7. 3 Libberts 8. come far out of 10. [this line is omitted in Hart's edition. 12. on either 14. Dumbartan 29. the Moone into Page 7. 4. Boare 6. ftarre 7. Boare . . . Beirnes 9. the price 16. When they meet 18. and not purfued

Page 8.

23. low to abide.

27. for dread of

3. therefore

30. When were men

2. The fonnes of God

7. many dayes after

Line

10. Barlingtons bookes

11. that much meruels

13. them, a Lord melles,15. The dead man

18. rife in the land

20. haue chosen

22. haue chosen

29. armes bure.

#### Page 9.

3. buried that he be.

5. the Summer & the fad

6. a haruest

8. earnestly enuy

9. lustis flowres,

15. Aliers

19. byde

22. leind

23. leider

24. fhall leaue

25. streims

27. and stire

#### Page 10.

3. By then the Lillie shall be

6. And carue off

8. Eagle

14. freit that

18. feates

22. their best

26. check

#### Page 11.

6. listen for euer

14. foote broad of ground

17. thy felf

20. Lyonesse,

22. Saint Andrewes

23. haue told,

25. cease in that seat

31. wakned

32. but I wist it noght

#### Page 12.

3. fellon face

7. bound

8. vther

18. helpe to

20. hie thee ... Hailles and close thee

21. Then shal

24. stone on ground be thee left:

26. There...goate with a gilden horne

28. Peeres in

31. All the groomes shall grouch by

#### · Page 13.

1. bych on

2. fal by

4. shal brue in

9. heir-ship

14. Dumbartane

15. conquerer ... kynd

16. Brittane

18. By the cost

21. He hath

28. but fret or true

30. the Wals,

#### Page 14.

3. ... Berlington

5. Plain

6. feene through a Sluethhound

9. a Back with

10. flouthfull Sluethhound

11. and traine shall be

15. Hailes

16. the wind &

18. thy hold

21. in Prelates faying

24. holden for good

29. sinne forethinke, and misse

#### Page 15.

1. Tamptallon

7. out as a leafe,

9. fleemed

10. the fea:

14. hempen helters

17. thee boun,

18. And at his

19. deale both 20. His gift . . . euermore 23. Croce 26. not know where 27. Many a wife shal weepe and Syce 28. The dead 31. hye thee Pope Page 16. 6. & 8. coat house 10. rayment 11. And attour Forth kenely 13. fade him for euer 16. birds farre 19. a faire many 20. the Eagle 25. with a Ladie30. The French Queene31. Shall rule all Brittaine 32. Ane from ... shall come also Page 17. 5. your glaiding 10. the Ladies lads wed 19. our mirthes augment 21. shall brooke all the broad Ile Page 18. 4. befide a Ley 5. bairne upon the bent 7. him wholly 8. your wils be 12. liue in lee 16. upon a Ley 18. on their 19. clad in 22. Dragon sheene, 23. He stirde ... were wood, Page 19. 6. where as she fure 11. wer both

12. A fide faddle

30. Knights then did they fay

5. wayes 8. tydings by 10. Then shewed Page 21. 1. Beares ... red Lyon, 2. red gold 21. the field he 24. turne you againe 25. thefe ... a frey 28. falfet 29. And loudlie 31. the battell bide Page 22. 3. the heart in 5. one houre 6. the Knight 11. Lyon dee, 19. as blood 21. ferly food Page 23. 1. Northerne 3. eight 8. their bairnes bide 9. no reck who 16. Set in gold 17. Egle 19. beares Losanes 20. gold and goules 25. Unfaine 29. Eagle 30. hearts heads Page 24. 1. With fiftie fiue 3. Carlill ... be deene, 5. there shall 7. There ... Beare ... lose the guilt 9. men cals 10. there ouer lies

Page 20.

2. haft the right

4. wrangous heires

Line

11. Beares

15. hath bene

16. best he be,

17. Gotten betweene

18. And a Knight20. The red Lyon beareth he22. And be right glad to be away

32. Woe worth thee

Page 25.

2. doughtie dight

13. One Crowne

15. were away

17. Bairne could I fay

21. A French Queene

23. Which of the Bruces

27. In Erflingtoun,

Page 26.

1. London

3. medecine

4. maladie that

5. well to fleepe,

7. layed downe ... eyes,

9. be warre and me keepe

10. dries:

11. I stonisht stood,

12. And me faued on

14. hirsel on hie

15. wholly there was,

17. fearce beaft,

18. all madde 23. As him fold

25. fundered away

26. griuily 27. Gerret

28. and ftensht me fore

29. wapen

30. I fwat

32. me meete to make,

Page 27.

3. I but hait

4. grofling ... gratioufly

9. but I still held

10. him by

11. he should shew ... and kin,

14. Would thou have wit that wel hath

15. thus wroght should be

16. rest thee beside

21. But by the Law and leede that I

24. meruile of face and

28. I framed

30. what him ailed

32. gray eyes fuddenly

Page 28.

3. wanton will and

5. of my finnes

6. Hath this

12. as I wote

16. Then frained I fiercely of this friuole world

17. to be of warre

18. should well us

20. If there are fruits ... fo much is,

25. All through Oggert and East, Elumis Knight,

26. hath much baile tholed

28. sorenesse set

29. under faile found

32. Eeryans

Page 29.

12. noght els,

14. fo fell hath

16. lippens

17. Linfday

20. alleadge to the leed

21. Leaue nought

23. inclose to his Crowne

27. in by all

30. day coming,

31. euermore, the old

Page 30.

1. fhal he deftroy,

2. Thou shalt be wested

4. a brock

6. bouers, & beir them down

11. fhall a Tower beild:

12. Crawdon hes euer 13. Buck is but

22. that stirs

Line 8. thee role, 12. Rofden 15. naught 18. trace as trust thou no vther 26. Thy billes is 31. There will no Page 31. 1. For hope 3. myrfnype 4. hath Manstone mooued 11. feare that in farre 12. Both his feddering 15. ftraight place 16. yairn17. Straberries 19. thee before: 28. the lots leape 30. doe weill Page 32. 7. Christian 9. Dumbartan the bold 13. Law shall the leave take 16. And mantle the craig 19. Be flitted 20. Dumbartan 22. fourteene 23. yapely 24. Carrick 25. Cumnock 26. coft cleuers 27. an Elfe 28. get out their Maires 29. teene all the shaues 30. From Tyne mouth to Tulry 31. goafe-Halke . . . grieue

Page 33.

2. fulzie with the tods and the ferfefall,

7. All is it ... bags bene ript

10. That would reaue

1. In a gaw

3. France,6. bargan

1~	a. that ithis
2	6. himfelfe likes
2	7. no gaining them
1 0	O Creekend and all
1 ~	8. Grayhound, and grieue
	9. And buffet then bite
3	1. more man
	2. fludied and flood, and him held
-	
	Dama 94
	Page 34.
	2. But I could rather him frame
	3. freikon this fold
1	4. if we wift ought
	8. weines on Waldhaue
	1. gives that grace
1:	o criti i
1 1	3. [This line is omitted in Hart's edi-
}	tion.]
1	5. Muse on if thou may,
1	<ul><li>5. Muse on if thou may,</li><li>6. Thou sinnes as thou fraines friend</li></ul>
l i	9. Waldhaue
	2. futh I heard,
	3. fieges vnfoond
2	6. brime beaftes shilde
1	Page 35.
	1. The third Bull
	4. reatous beafts,
	8. shall be cumdred thereof
	0. he is hier
1	3. Louthian and Linlithgow
	4. Glafgow
	9. fey woorth
1 ~	1. proud showes,
	3. Then Chiftane vnchosen
	4. And rid
2	5. shall the Wailes worthily
12	7. Scots fkaile them
3	0. They were failed
	Dama 96
	Page 36.
	1. wrongs wroght
	1. wrongs wroght 2. When dead
1 4	
1 4	3. flat on the face,

- 8. The fixt of Ireland
- 13. counfel
- 14. are fit
- 16. werpes with
- 20. Enter vp at a fide
- 22. deare men
- 25. fubtilly fold

#### Page 37.

- 3. riotous
- 5. stirre
- 7. Torin
- 9. Within
- 12. Lordships
- 21. vengin

- 23. Siryans 24. When fhe
- 27. true
- 29. couetice
- 31. beguile

#### Page 38.

- 1. deceit
- 3. haue one girth
- 7. true token
- 8. the Hair shall
- 12. loofe
- 13. falsebood . . . Sieges
- 14. warrand, and that the cure wan
- 15. Sieges
- 18. Dumbartan
- 20. Dumbar when shall Hailes halt
- 25. falsehood is readie
- 28. lucken ... dayes
- 29. Subtilly ... many another
- 30. many let ... their life loofe

#### Page 39.

- 1. their hands
- 2. warre
- 3. warre
- 4. mourne
- 7. eke foorth the dayes
- 9. loofe
- 13. meane ... their merie

- 15. bide ... eyes
- 18. brieued
- 23. their deare
- 24. their forrou
- 25. chiefe
- 27. is away to passe
- 32. bleffe keepe,

#### Page 40.

- 2. Freedome
- 4. coaft
- 7. I fludied
- 9. when I awoke
- 11. Brieued ... breft
- 12. Bleffed ... brieuer
- 16. leif thoght
- 17. [" The Scottes Prophecie in Latine," is, in Hart's edition, transferred to the title-sheet, where it is accompanied with a translation. See the reprint, pages 60-63.7
- 26. gravis

#### Page 41.

- 3. Sunt id deterius
- 7. folo, preda fuere dolo.
- 8. Gens invincibilis
- 11. Vel tantæ
- 19. Singula vovere,
- 26. præfagia
- 28. captiva,
- 29. folveris
- 30. eveniet

#### Page 42.

- 3. cunctos vltor ubique
- 11. veniunt
- 15. circumfodit
- 19. urgent
- 20. Dani dispergent, Almani limina
- 21. Sco devastabit,
- 24. Post Iacobum, Iacobos, Iacobum Iacobus quoque quintus
- 25. Et filius Daci

Line	-11	Line
	Page 43.	13. Forth
1.	and will hes	19. Tyed
	Pastures are plucked and pild but	20. with a vifala fine
	pitie Dedo	22. two fhips
	Paftures .	28. Cock
_	their clothing	30. broile
_	their their	31. toile,
	Peacock	. D 2
10.	the Religion and their	Page 7.
	rue right	2. battels
	Grahound grieued	5. Approching
	And trampled	12. tiend
	warre	13. bleffe
	20. mourne	15. hatred heart
	hirple	24. reigne
	thou fpake it	
	barret	Page 48.
25.	Barwick	1. Prophecie
26.	trewes	2. by a Sibilla
27.	headleffe	5. K. Sol.
30.	moouers thereof shall mone	8. Britain in the which th
		10. Leones, how these two
	Page 44.	12. bee glorified
4.	were wroght,	18. Britaine.
	fhal roare	22. fragility
	Cockthogh	24. hee shall bee
	lieue or loath	28. friends
	couetous that cumbred	
	Eldoun	Page 49.
	Heremite	1. by the which he
~~.	11c.came	2. line bee
	Page 45.	3. chiftan
4.	vnstable	9. by the help
	Sibilla	14. joye
	gilded	16. Lillie and Flowredeluc
	lifts for	25. well of this
	trueth	
		27, 28. Moldewart
	Thogh	29. vengeance
29.	Lowthian	31. foorth
	Page 46.	· Page 50.
2.	Modewart,	1. Moldewarte
	a lace,	3. of this Realme,
	Lowthian	
		7. and die by aduenture
ız.	in scope,	8. flood of

Line

12. repleet ... abomination

13. diuide

18. tributers

19. wholly ... fpouse of 21. their ... their 23. dayes 24. spouse 26. specialle ... spouse 28. safegard:

29. their dolour

30. Britaine

31. their

32. women

Page 51.

Owle, the Boare
 Eagle

4. counsel

Line
5. degenerat
6. friends

11. that the Buck

17. Sun fhall
20. for the ftedfaft
21. keepe . . . their
22. but the Unicorne
23. Rauen

24. do by the fea, and vnder 25. Cock 28. their trace 29. heede

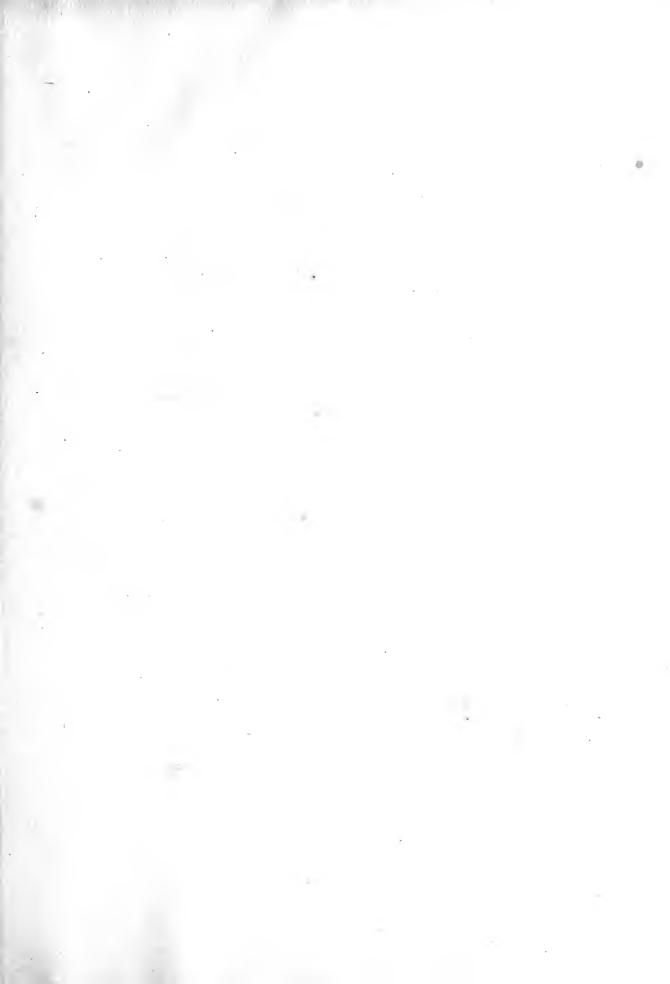
30. their defires

31. Caftels

Page 52.

5, 6. woe be to them that no pitie

7, 8. and strike.







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